

(updated on 01/04/2018)

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PAY FIXATION ON PROMOTION (KSR PART I)

Rule	Initial Fixation	Initial Fixation Re-fixation		Option
Rule 28 A	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Rule 37 (a)	Yes	No	No	No

Applicability

Rule 28 A is applicable in the case of promotion to pay scales minimum of which does not exceed Rs. 68700/- and Rule 37(a) is applicable in the case of promotion to pay scales minimum of which exceeds Rs. 68700/-

How to fix according to Rule 28A?

If an employee is promoted / appointed to higher scale of pay, his initial pay in the higher scale shall be fixed by adding a notional increment in lower scale on the date of promotion. i.e. If the pay arrived after adding notional increment to the pay in lower scale on is a stage or in between two consecutive stages in higher scale, then the pay shall be fixed at the next higher stage in higher scale. A re-fixation of pay will be allowed in lower scale on the date of next increment in lower scale (clearly saying, whenever there is a change in lower scale).

But in the cases of regular promotion from time bound higher grades, fixation will be done in terms of Rule 30. In such cases no benefit of fixation is available.

Grouping of Employees according to Scale of Pay

Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
From 55350 – 101400 to 93000 - 120000	From 35700 – 75600 to 45800 - 89000	From 17000 – 37500 to 32300 - 68700	16500 - 35700

TA RATES FOR TOUR TRAVEL (KSR PART II)

Grade	Pay* Range	Daily Allowance(DA) in Rs.		Incidental Expenses	Mileage (eligibility)		
Ğ		Inside state	e Outside (IE)/Km in	Road	Rail	Air	
I	>=50400	400	550	0.80	Express	II AC	Fare + one DA
II(a)	42500-50399	320	450	0.60	Express	First Class	_
II(b)	27800-42499	320	450	0.50	Express	III AC	_
III	18000-27799	250	350	0.50	Fast Passenger	Second Class	_
IV	<18000	250	350	0.50	Fast Passenger	Second Class	_

^{*}Basic Pay + Personal Pay

Note :- Gr.II(a) officer is eligible for IInd AC class if Ist class is not available in the train

Gr.II(b) officer is eligible for Ist class if IIIAC is not available in the train.

Other conditions

- 1. The journey should be of more than 8 km to become eligible for Mileage Allowances.
- 2. Heads of Depts., PS to Ministers and AIS officers are categorized as Grade I irrespective of pay drawn by them.
- 3. NG Officers & LG servants when they accompany the Governor and Ministers will be treated as Gr II(b)
- 4. Incidental Expenses for Air journey is limited to 1 Daily Allowance for all class of officers

- 5. Officers whose pay scale is 55350-101400 or above can travel through air.
- 6. Taxi car rate for Gr I officers and autorikshaw fare for others are eligible for a travel up to 8 km. (Max. Rs.150/day) or Actual Expenses if travel is by other means.
- 4. Auto rickshaw fare for journeys on tour :

Actual fare at the rate fixed by Government from time to time for a maximum of 2 journeys daily (plus 1 journey per tour from residence to airport / railway station/bus stand and 1 journey per tour from airport /railway station / bus stand to residence), limiting the distance of single journey to 15 km. **subject to a maximum of Rs 150 per day.**

- 5. Minimum Incidental Expenses should be equivalent to ½ DA
- 6. DA is not allowed for halt for a period of more than 3 months.

7.	Halt period	DA rate	Boarding	Lodging	DA rate
	Upto 6 hrs.	NIL	Free	Free	1/4 DA
	>6 hrs. & <=12 hrs.	½ DA	Free	Not free	DA
	>12 hrs. & <=24 hrs	1 DA	Not free	Free	2/3 DA
	>24 hrs. and upto 10 days	Full DA			
	for next 20 days	$\frac{3}{4}$ DA and $\frac{1}{2}$ D	A there after		

- 8. For getting a break in tour, the officer should stay outside 8 km of his permanent/temporary HQ for 3 days minimum (at least 3 nights)
- 9. Road mileage is not admissible for travel by dept. vehicle. In such cases the officer can claim for Incidental Expenses only or one DA
- 10. Mileage allowances can be paid at the at Rs 2/km for road journey irrespective of class of officer

TRANSFER TA RATES

e	Rail Journey			Road Journey	Personal	Loading &
Grade	officer	family	officer	family		unloading charges at both ends
I	Fare(eligible) +3XIE	Fare only	2XRoad Mileage	NIL for one member, 1 Road Mileage for two member, 2 Road Mileage for 3 and more members	3000 kg	800
II (a)	Fare(eligible) + 3XIE	Fare only	2XRoad Mileage	NIL for one member, 1 Road Mileage for two member, 2 Road Mileage for 3 and more members	2000 kg	450
II (b)	Fare(eligible) + 3XIE	Fare only	2XRoad Mileage	NIL for one member, 1 Road Mileage for two member, 2 Road Mileage for 3 and more members	2000 kg	450
III	Fare(eligible) + 3XIE	Fare only	2XRoad Mileage	NIL for one member, 1 Road Mileage for two member, 2 Road Mileage for 3 and more members	1500 kg	400
IV	Fare(eligible) + 3XIE	Fare only	2XRoad Mileage	NIL for one member, 1 Road Mileage for two member, 2 Road Mileage for 3 and more members	1500 kg	400

Other Conditions

- 1. Mileage Allowance is admissible for a travel less than 8 km (Road) in case of transfer TA.
- 2. In normal case TA is not available for 'on request' transfer. But TA is eligible if the officer has one year service (excluding leaves) in the station from where he is transferred.
- 3. Family members should proceed to new station within one month back from the date of handing over charge or within six months from the date of joining duty at new station for getting TA

4. Children Train Fare

< 5 yrs. No Fare

>5 yrs & < 12 yrs. \(\frac{1}{2} \) Fare (only for unreserved seats/berths)

12 yrs. and above Full Fare

5. No age limit for children in the case of Road Mileage

6. Family means wife and dependent children

7. Loading & unloading charges are applicable for journey through rail only.

8. DA cannot be claimed for a halt in the middle of transfer journey.

Reimbursement of roomrent (against production of vouchers)

Grade	New Delhi, Mumbai, Kolkata, Chennai (Rs.)	Other Cities/ Towns outside State (Rs.)	
Grade I	2000	1500	
Grade II (a)	2000	1500	
Grade II (b)	1600	1000	
Grade III	1600	1000	
Grade IV	1100	1000	

JOINING TIME (KSR PART I)

Distance	same office/bldgs.	Other offices		
Up to 8 km. NIL		One day (including sundays & holidays)		
More than 8 km		6 Day's preparation time+Journey time (excluding sundays)		

Assessing Journey time

Rail Distance	Journey time	Road distance	Journey time
Upto 500 km or part there of	1 Day	Upto 150 km or part there of	1 Day

For foot (or cart/boat) journey – 1 day for every 25 km distance or part there of.

Other conditions

- 1. Sunday only will be excluded and all other holidays will be included while assessing joining time
- 2. In any case, joining time should not exceed 30 days (including Sundays)

$\underline{\textbf{LEAVES}-\textbf{CLASSIFICATION AND RULES}} \text{(KSR PART I)}$

Category	Kind of leave	Earnings	Max. earning limit	Max. earning limit Admissible limits		Combining with other leaves
Ca	icuvc			At a time	Max. in service	other reaves
	EL	1 for each 11 duty days*	300 Nos.	180 days	As in credit	
IVes	HPL	20 for each completed year	No limit	No limit	As in credit	
Ordinary leaves	CML	2 HPL commuted to one CML	No limit	No limit	As in credit	
Ordir	LND	_		90	180 (without MC)+180 (with MC) = 360	
	LWA	_		5 yrs	20 yrs. (XII A &XII C)	
	Disability leave	_	_	24 months		Yes
eaves	Hospital leave	_	_			Yes
Special leaves	Study leave	_	_	12 months	24 months	Yes
Sp	Maternity leave (Female Employees)	_	_	180 days (for abortion - 6 weeks)		Yes

	Paternity Leave (Male Employees)			10 days	20 days (for 2 children)	Yes
ndix VII)	CL	20 Nos. in a calendar year (No earning)	_	15 days (including holidays)	_	No
Others (KSR Appendix	SCL	_	_	21 days (30 days under special circumstances)		Yes
Others	Co. L	_	_	15 days in a calendar year	_	No (but can be combined with CL)

Abbreviations

EL – Earned Leave, HPL – Half Pay Leave, CML – Commuted Leave, LND – Leave not due, LWA – Leave without allowance, CL – Casual Leave, SCL – Special Casual leave, Co.L – Compensation leave, MC – Medical Certificate.

Other Conditions

- 1. Leave is not a right of the employee.
- 2. Leave period will not earn EL or simply or simply, actual duty period only earn EL.
- 3. EL not available to vacation staff provided he avails the vacation period.
- 4. EL may be granted up to 300 days prior to pension. This is an exception to general condition.
- 5. EL surrender 30 Nos. in a financial year (w.e.f.1.4.06)
- 6. EL once surrendered cannot be cancelled. Also EL cannot be surrendered in different spells.
- 7. Leave period will earn HPL except LWA taken as per appendix XII A (other employment), XII B(study purpose), XII C of KSR (joining spouse)

^{*1} for each 22 duty days during 1st year of service which will be recasted @1/11 after completion of 3 years of service.

- 8. LND is available to permanent employees only.
- 9. Govt. only is competent to sanction LWA for more than 4 months.
- 10. HPL is not earned for fraction of a year.
- 11. Min. 3 year service is necessary to avail CML.
- 12. MC is not needed to any kind of leave combined with Maternity Leave up to 60 days.
- 13. Co.L should be taken within 3 months from the date of his duty (on the relevant holiday)
- 14. HPL Leave salary
 - (a) For officers who draws a pay of above Rs 35700/-:-

Half of pay + DA of that amount + Allowances (HRA, CCA and HTA) up to 180 days.

(b) For officers who draws a pay of Rs. 35700 and below:-

Half of pay + Full DA+ Allowances (HRA, CCA and HTA) up to 180 days subject to a condition that this amount should not be less than 65% of (pay + DA) drawn just before leave starts.

15. If the vacation staff were denied their vacation period for any spl. duty they will be availed EL as shown below:

EL eligible = days on duty x = 30/Total vacation period

- 16. In addition to the above, special leaves are admissible for organ transplantation, blood donation, chemo therapy etc as per norms.
- 17. Paternity leave should be taken during the period between 10 days before and 3 months after the date of delivery
- 18. Medical Officer's certificate specifying date of delivery is necessary for claiming Paternity Leave
- 19. Separate registers should be kept for Casual Leaves and Special Leaves
- 20. Hospital leave is admissible to Forest staff (except clerk) whose pay does not exceed Rs. 27800/-

PENSIONARY BENEFITS (KSR PART III)

(a) Pension:

Pension Type	Description	Amt	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum Q.S. required	
Superannuation	In the case of officers who retires on superannuation.	50%of AExQ.S/30 (Q.S<=30)	8500	50% of 1,20,000/-*	10 yrs (3 yrs for handicapped)	
Compensation	Payable if the post was abolished pe	ayable if the post was abolished permanently				
Invalid	Payable if the officer is expelled from contagious diseases.	Payable if the officer is expelled from service for permanent disability like insanity or contagious diseases.				
Retiring	Pension for voluntary retirement before	20 yrs				
Family	Payable to family if the officer dies before or after retirement	Normal - 30% of LE Higher - 50% of LE	8500	30% of 1,20,000/-*	7 yrs	
Commuted Value	Some portion of pension can be commuted	CPx12xC.F Note:- Portion of pension that can be commuted is 40% of pension amount				
	In the case of officers who retires		9 yrs of completed service			
Ex-gratia	on super annuation with less than	8 yrs of com	8 yrs of completed service			
	10 yrs. of service	7 yrs of completed service		5950		

6 yrs of completed service	5100	
5 yrs of completed service	4250	
4 yrs of completed service	3400	
3 yrs and below	2550	

^{*} Maximum of highest scale

(b) DCRG:

1	tem	Type	Amt	Minimum	Maximum	Minimum Q.S. required
	DCRG	Death	If Q.S>=24 yrs - (LE+DA)/2 x Q.S If Q.S>=5 yrs & <=24 yrs -(LE+DA)x12 If Q.S < 5 yrs & >1 yrs - (LE+DA)x6 If Q.S < 1 yrs - (LE+DA)x2		14 lakhs	_
		Retirement	(LE+DA)xQ.S/2 (Q.S<=33)		14 lakhs	5 yrs

Abbreviations

Q.S – Qualifying service, LE –Last Emolument= pay during last month (last date in case of family pension), AE-Average Emoluments = Average of last 10 month's pay, CVP – Commuted Value of Pension, F.P – Family Pension, CP-Commuted Portion of pension, C.F-Commutation Factor as per appendix X of KSR, D.A – Dearness Allowance

Other Conditions

- 1. Max. Q.S. will be limited to 30 yrs in case of super-annuation pension and it is 33 yrs in case of DCRG
- 2. The reduced pension amount (in the case of officers who gets commuted value of pension) will be restored to its original value after 12 yrs. from the date of encashment of CVP (in the case of retirement at the age of 55 yrs.)
- 3. F.P will be paid at higher rate **up to 7 yrs** from the date of death or till he would have attain the **age of 63** (whichever is earlier) and thereafter at Normal rate.
- 4. Family pension should not go beyond service pension in any case.
- 5. If a pensioner dies before 7 yrs. of retirement his family is eligible for Family Pension at the rate of Service Pension up to 7 yrs. from the date of retirement and at normal rate thereafter.
- 6. DA applicable from time to time is admissible to pensioners. In their case it is known as Dearness Relief (DR).
- 7. In addition to monthly pension & DR, the pensioner is eligible to get Rs 300/- p.m. being Medical Allowance (MA). i.e. pension = Basic Pension+DR+MA
- 8. Weightages in cases of retiring pension:
 Balance period to retirement in the case of voluntary retirement will be added to Q.S subject to a max. of 5 yrs.
- 9. Ex-gratia pensioners are not entitled to DR on pension.

Various 'rounding' in pension calculation

- 1. For assessment of Q.S: fraction less than half yr. is ignored and half yr and above rounded to next completed yr. except in following cases
 - (a) 9 yrs and fraction: rounded to 10 yrs
 - (b) 29 yrs and fraction: rounded to 30 yrs.
 - (c) 32 yrs and fraction: rounded to 33 yrs.
 - (d) 2 yrs and fraction: rounded to 3 yrs in the case of handicapped since their minimum Q.S in that case is 3 yrs.

(Note:-Rounding as shown above (a to c) is **not applicable** in cases of **invalid and retiring pensions**.)

- 2. For assessment of pension, DCRG & CVP: any fraction will be rounded to next higher rupee.
- 3. For assessment commuted portion of pension: any fraction will be omitted fully
- 4. For assessment of AE & DA: ordinary rounding

 Part time service Boy service Break in service 	Total Q.S = ½ x Part Time service period Less (Add in case of compensation gratuity)
(a) If break period is less than 1 yr (b) If break period is more than 1 yr and	Add
prior service is more than or equal to break period (c) If break period is more than 1 yr and	Add
prior service is less than break period	Total $Q.S = Q.S$ after break period + prior service + (break period – prior service)
4. Strike period declared as dies non	Add
5. Suspension period if not exonerated	Less
6. LWA under app. XIIA, XIIB, XIIC	Less
7. Provisional service	Less (w.e.f.1.10.94)
8. Service in aided schools	Add
9. Service in Bar (period of practice)	Add subject to following conditions:
• • •	1. The officer should join Govt. service after 25 yrs of age.
	2. This addition is allowed only when normal Q.S is not less than 8 yrs.
	3. The period that can be added is the difference between the age at joining service
	and 25 yrs. subject to a max. of 10 yrs and it should not exceed actual period of
	practice.
10. Service in Central Govt./Central Govt.	
Undertakings	Add

Add/less

Other types of pension

<u>Item</u>

- 1. Extra ordinary pension: Payable in the case of employee suffered from casualties, diseases or death as a consequence of execution of his duties in addition to normal pensionary benefits.
- 2. Anticipatory pension:- Payable in advance if sanction of pension is too much delayed. It is 75% of admissible pension.
- 3. Pro rata pension:- Payable in the case of employee who got transferred from Govt. service to Govt. undertakings where pension scheme does not exist.

Other types of gratuity

- 1. Compensation gratuity:-
- 2. Residuary gratuity:— it is the difference between Death gratuity and (Retirement gratuity + total pension paid up to date) admissible to family of an employee having service below 24 yrs dies after retirement subject to the condition that he should not commute any portion of pension.
- 3. Residual gratuity:- Arrears in gratuity arises with changes in DA time to time

PENSIONARY BENEFITS TO PART TIME CONTINGENT EMPLOYEES

(a) Pension:

Pension Type	Description	Amt	Minimum	Maximum	
Superannuation	In the case of officers who retires on superannuation (at the age of 70)	50% of AExQ.S/30 (Q.S<=30)	4400	8400	
Compensation	Payable if the post was abolished permanently				
Family	Payable to family if the officer dies before or after retirement	30% of LE	2460	30% of 16,460/-*	

^{*} Maximum of highest scale

(b) DCRG:

Amt	Minimum	Maximum
(LE+DA)/2 x Q.S (Q.S<=33)		2,80,000

Abbreviations

Q.S – Qualifying service, LE –Last Emolument= pay during last month (last date in case of family pension), AE-Average Emoluments = Average of last 10 month's pay, F.P – Family Pension, D.A – Dearness Allowance

Other Conditions

- 1. Max. Q.S. will be limited to 30 yrs in case of super-annuation pension and it is 33 yrs in case of DCRG
- 2. DA applicable from time to time is admissible to pensioners. In their case it is known as Dearness Relief (DR).
- 3. In addition to monthly pension & DR, the pensioner is eligible to get Rs 150/- p.m. being Medical Allowance (MA). i.e. pension = Basic Pension+DR+MA